MILCH STILL ON THE STAND. FOR THE BOOTH EXECUTORS.

HIS CROSS-EXAMINATION BY EX-JUDGE DECISION IN A SUIT FOR THE FORECLO-

HE TELLS ABOUT THE INVENTORIES MADE OF JUDGE PATTERSON HOLDS THAT THE CAMPBELL GOEDON'S STOCK AFTER THE FIRE.

The cross-examination of Samuei Milch, public fire adjuster and confessed firebug, was continued by ex-Judge Curtis yesterday, in the trial of Lewis orden for arson, before Judge Fitzgerald, in General Sessions, Part III. The witness has been on the stand four days. Ex-Judge Curtis asked the witness if he had any scrap of paper signed by cent contract. The witness said he had. He surwas after he got out on bail that he had his interview with Assistant District-Attorney Davis. Some time after that he had an interview with Gordon at the latter's house, No. 252 Madison-ave. It was at

Milch said he had a dozen men making the inventory of Gordon's factory after the fire. They were there for ten days. He had another party about fourteen days making the inventory. The proof of loss was made from the in-

"Did you present the statement of loss to the adjusters of the various insurance companies as an accurate and true one?" asked Mr. Curtis.

"Well, did you tell them it was dishonest and not accurate?" continued the lawyer.

Well, now, how did you present it?

"I didn't present it at all; my clerk presented t." Milch replied, as he smiled at his cross-ex-

You knew Gordon swore to a false statement? In reply to a question, Milch said he found from

Gordon's books that the history of sales for the last two years did not justify a claim that there was \$61,000 worth of stock in the factory at the time of the fire. The books were therefore fixed to show greater sales, and the bills of sale were increased. Bogus bills were made out. Did Gordon get bogus bills of sale from any

commercial house in the city?"

"If you will let me see the bills I will point them replied Milch. Mr. Curtis would not give him the bills

Mr. Curtis said Gordon had business relations with twenty-five reputable business firms, and told the witness that if he had any charges of dishonest dealings against these firms to make

The witness said he had no charges to make. He testified that the doctored books showed fictitious sales of \$70,000 worth of stock by Gordon since 1895, to the time of the fire. There was a fictitious increase of \$46,000 in goods bought the same time.

examination of Milch was recess the cross-examination of Milch was d. He was saked about the inventories, t the amount of goods damaged by fire of identification represent \$40,000?

No. sir." Did it represent \$38,000?" No. sir." replied the witness. Do you know that from your own knowledge?"

"Yes, sir."

Ex-Judge Curtis then went into minute details the inventories made after the fire the witness said that Gordon's clerk. Berneimer, had refused to supply some information one of the adjusters because it was inought to the weapont relanding to Corporate the way and relanding to Corporate the way and relanding to Corporate the way and relanding to Corporate the corporate that the corporate the corporate that the corporate the corporate that the corporate

heimer, had refused to supply some information to one of the adjusters because it was mought that he was not triendly to Gordon.

Mr. Curtis brought out that Gordon suggested that some money be given to some one connected that some money be given to some one connected with the Fire Marshal's office to secure a favorable report of the fire. This was after Gordon had been to see Fire Marshal Michell, and the latter had stated his benief that Gordon was an intest man, and that there was nothing crooked about the fire.

"Are there not suite of the content of

honest man, and that there was nothing crooked about the fire.

"Are there not suits at law by Mr. Gordon against the insurance companies to recover the \$2,000 insurance on his factory?"

The witness said he did not know.

Mr. Curtis asked if one of the counsel representing the insurance companies had not been present in the courtroom last Thursday, sitting in the inclosure of the Assistant District-Attorney.

The witness said he had not seen him, and Mr. Davis objected to that line of questions. Mr. Curtis said that Mr. Davis, as a stute as he was, was as ignorant as a child of the real drama going on. Nevertheless, Mr. Curtis did not ask any more questions on that subject.

Milch denied that he had tried to induce the adjuster, George W. Hait, to make a confession about incendiary fires, and thus escape prosecution.

The case will go on to-day.

"GRANT" WANTS TO BE AN INSPECTOR

THE MADISON-ST. CAPTAIN MAKES APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT-POLICEMEN

ON BICYCLES.

The Police Board vesterday received from Captain Donald Grant, of the Madison-st. police station, an application for promotion to the rank of inspector. The Chief was ordered to report on Captain Grant's

conduct and efficiency.

The charges against Acting Captain Groo, who was fined recently for falling to enforce the excise law in the Mulberry-st. precinct, were dismissed. Commissioner Andrews recommended that Chief Conlin detail Patroiman John J. Gillis, of West Bixty-eighth-st.; John Lake and Dennis Gleason, of West Forty-seventh-st., and Harry Neggismith, of East One-hundred-and-twenty-sixth-st., to duty on bicycles along Eighth-ave. and the Boulevard. These are the men selected by Mr. Andrews Mon-

The suggestion was adopted. The Mayor of Jacksonville, Fia., wrote to the Commissioners asking the services of a New-York detective for a period of four months. He said that at this season of the year many crooks visited Jacksonville, and the services of a New-York detective would be of great benefit. The Commissioners were opposed to letting any member of the force go away for so long a period. The Mayor's communication was referred to Acting Captain O'Brien, of the Detective Bureau, who, it was thought, would recommend some retired detective

The Board of Health sent a communication to the Police Board calling attention to a violation of Section 8 of the Sanitary Code by persons transporting iron rails, beams and other iron material through the streets of this city without taking proper precautions for preventing an unnecessary and distressing noise, which is a nuisance and a detriment to public health. The Board of Health has informed to public health. cautions for prevented in the series and a detriment to public health. The Board of Health has informed twenty-four of the leading from works and representatives of iron manufacturing companies that violations of the Sanitary Code in this particular would lead to the arrest of the drivers of trucks transporting iron through the streets and the prosecution of their employers. The Chief was directed to enforce the section of the Sanitary Code referred to. Central Office Detectives Philip Weiler and James Redly were made detective sergeants. Weller arrested the Krauel murderer, while Reilly has an excellent record of arrests.

THE FATHER FORGIVES THE TRUCKMAN.

Coroner O'Meagher held an inquest yesterday into the death of Sadie Rafferty, fourteen years old, of No. 604 West Forty-seventh-st., who was killed, December 1, by being run over by a truck driven by George W. Clark, of No. 311 Seventh-ave., at Fortyfourth-st. and Eleventh-ave. John T. Rafferty, the father, told the Coroner yesterday that after the accident Clark came to him in tears and begged him to forgive him for having killed his daugnter, him to forgive him for having killed his daugnter. Clark said it was an accident. "I forgave him." said Rafferty, "as I was satisfied it was no fault of the driver."

The driver was not held.

FROM A CONSCIENCE-STRICKEN TAXPAYER.

A coneclous-stricken taxpayer sent \$1,500 to Conlier Fitch yesterday, with this brief note, unsigned: "Taxes justly due the city." The money was turned into the general fund.

THE CASE AGAINST H. W. BATES DISMISSED.

The examination of Henry W. Bates, a lawyor living at Peekskill, N. Y., with offices in this city, who was charged by Mrs. P. S. Fleming, of the same place, with misappropriating a check for \$990 belonging to her, was closed before Magistrate Kudlich, in the Centre Street Police Court, yesterafternoon. Mrs. Fleming, who lives at No. 147 Smith-st., Peekskill, testified that about March 5 she gave to Bates the check in question, with indersement, and instructions to deposit it her indersement, and instructions to deposit it and start an account for her. Bates's testimony, corroborated by his wife, who was present at all the interviews between her husband and Mrs. Fleming, was that the check was given to him Fleming, was that the check was given to him with the understanding that he should pay some of her debts, give her £6, and retain the rest as part of his fee for settling up, in Mrs. Fleming's part of his fee for settling up, in Mrs. Fleming's part of his fee for settling up, in Mrs. Fleming's part of his fee for settling up, in Mrs. Fleming's father. Magistrate Kudlich said that in view of the conflicting testimony and the amount of work shown by Bates, he was discharged.

SURE OF A MORTGAGE.

Decision was rendered yesterday by Judge Patterson, in the Supreme Court, Special Term, in the case of Elias C. Benedict, William Bispham and John H. Magonigle, as executors of Edwin Booth, against Joseph Campbell and others, as executors of William Campbell, in favor of the plaintiffs, and directing judgment of foreclosure and sale for \$18,860 41, with costs and an extra allowance to the The action was brought for the foreclosure of a mortgage for \$16,500, made by George T. Arnoux to Edwin Booth, Arnoux being the purfrom the executors of William Campbell of the property in question, and the mortgage being given as part of the consideration on such conveyance.

The Campbell estate defended the action up ground that the executors had no power to convey decision of Judge Patterson is conclusive upon all the questions and decides every question at issue in favor of the plaintiffs. The decision in full is as

follows:

The character and scope of the power of sale contained in the will of William Campbell, by the concession of all parties on this record, permitted the executors to make a sale of these mortgaged premises for any legitimate purpose beneficial to the estate. It the transaction with George T. Arnoux was an out-and-out sale, intended as such, and effectual as such, and was or was intended for the benefit of the estate, a title free from impeachment passed to him and he could give a valid mortgage to Mr. Booth. The effort made by the defendants to prove fraud in the transaction completely falls. There were debts of Mr. Campbell to a large amount incurred by him of account of his son and son-in-iaw, which debts were being enforced by process of law against the premises in question, and it was with hope and the expectation that by selling the property in suft money would be raised to relieve the estate from the indebtedness by using it to help the son and son-in-law referred to in completing certain houses in the upper part of New-York City, from the sale of which, when finished, enough would be realized to discharge the whole indebtedness of the estate of William Campbell for the colligations he had in his litetime incurred as above mentioned. In all this there was no fraud or wrongdoing on the part of Arnoux or any one acting for Edwin Booth.

George Arnoux took the title as grantee and raised part of the purchase money by giving the mortgage to Edwin Booth (who had deposited

George Arnoux took the title as grantee and raised part of the purchase money by giving the mortgage to Edwin Booth (who had deposited certain funds in the hands of Arnoux, Ritch & Woodford, for investment). The executors of Mr. Campbell's will were thoroughly confizant of what was contemplated and of what was being done, and they were not ignorant nor unadvised. There was no fraud of the attorney, and nothing done by which Mr. Booth was bound in any way, so that his security would be invalidated. There may have been mistaken judgment and unwise action, but there was no fraud; the sale was a complete one; the grentors intended to execute the power of sale; its exercise was thought to be beneficial to the estate, and the mortgage is an enforcible security.

Judgment of foreclosure and sale as prayed for the

C. N. Bovee, jr., appeared as counsel for the plaintiffs and Niles & Johnson as counsel for the

THE JOHANSEN EXTRADITION CASE. DECISION IN THE MATTER WILL BE MADE THIS MORNING.

United States Commissioner Alexander yesterday afternoon took testimony in the case of Frederick Wilhelm Johansen, whose extradition is sought by the Swedish Government on the charge that he fraudulently obtained 12,500 crowns from his former partner, O. C. Karlssen, for the purpose of purchasing timber lands in Sweden, and then fled to this country with the money.

Upon his arrival here Johansen was arrested, with

a large amount of money in his possession, at the instance of the Swedish Government, and at a previous hearing Commissioner Alexander committed him for extradition, but the Secretary of State interfered and decided that more positive proof of the prisoner's gullt should be obtained.

At yesterday's hearing Johansen admitted that he nag received 12,390 crowns from Karlssen with which to purchase the lands referred to, but that later on he had returned the money to Karlssen, the deal having been declared off. He admitted, also, that at the previous hearing he had confessed that the money found in his possession when he was arrested was Karlssen's, and that he desired to have it sent back to Karlssen, but said that at that time he was frightened and did not really know what he was saying, and that his former statements had been erroneous. had received 12,390 crowns from Karlssen with which

counset for the Swedish Government produced affidavits from Karlssen and others interested, and Commissioner Alexander reserved his decision until to-day at 11 a. m.

DECISIONS ON APPEAL.

A LIST OF CASES DETERMINED IN THE COURT OF LAST RESORT.

Albany, Dec. 10.-The following decisions were Albany, Dec. 10.—The following decisions were handed down to-day in the Court of Appeals:

T. H. O'Connor agt. P. W. Felix and others;
Howes Cave Lime and Cement Company agt. Howes Cave Association, appellant; Henry Julian and others, appellants agt. Mary A. Woolsey, Feople ex rel. Western New-York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company agt. B. Adams and others, appelants; People ex rel. Lehigh Valley Railroad Company agt. City of Buffaio—Order affirmed, with costs.

copie ex rel. M. W. Doxtater, appellant-Order affirmed.

Burr Mattice agt. Henry Wilcox, appellant; D. S. Brown and another, appellants, agt. John H. Doscher; Louise Carlson agt. Maria L. Winterson, appellant: Mary M. H. Ciark agt. Augusta Clark and others, appellants—Juägment affirmed, with

and others, appellants—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

The Broadway Savings Institution agt. Town of Pelham—Motion to withdraw appeal granted upon payment of all costs before notice of argument.

In re will of J. R. Whitney—Motion to put on calendar denied, without costs.

J. W. Fox and others agt. F. O. Matthiesson—Motion to fix certain day granted.

Rose Coriey, appellant, agt. J. McElwee and others, appellants, and Annie E. Stover and others—Motion for preference granted and case set down for hearing this term, as the parties may agree.

Nellie Sisco agt. Lehigh and Hudson River Railway Company, appellant—Motion for duplicate remittitur granted.

The National Bank of Auburn agt. E. R. Dillingham, appellant—Judgment of General and Specialnam.

The National Bank of Auburn agt. E. R. Dillingham, appellant—Judgment of General and Special Terms reversed, with costs, and the demurrer sustained, with leave to plaintiff within twenty days from the service of the order to amend the complaint on payment of costs.

T. J. Kleley agt. Central Complete Combustion Manufacturing Company, appellant—Orders of General and Special Terms reversed and motion granted, with costs.

The Faneuil Hail National Bank agt. John Bussing and others, appellants—Orders of General and Special Terms reversed, with costs to appellants in all courts, and the order entered at Special Term on May 16, 184, authorizing and directing the receiver to sell the real property in question, is vacated.

A. S. Wakeman, appellant, agt. Sylvia A. Wilbur and others—Order of General Term reversed and judgment entered on report of referee allimed, with costs.

judgment entered on report of referee alimmed, with costs.

Louise Corison agt. Marta L. Winterson, appellant—Granted and remittitur amended by striking out that portion which modified the order of the General Term of the City Court by requiring the payment into court of the sum of Silt, to abide the final determination of the action.

James A Merriki agt. John A. Fowler, appellant—Order modified as to allowance of costs, so as to conform to the views expressed in the opinion, and, as modified, affirmed without costs in this appeal to either party. If the parties are unable to agree as to the amount of costs and disbursements that should be inserted in the order, the same may be fixed by the Special Term.

THE SUPREME COURT CALENDAR. Washington, Dec. 10.-The day call in the United States Supreme Court to-morrow will be as follows: Nos. 111 and 112, 113, 116, 119, 120, 656, 719, 711,

COURT OF APPEALS CALENDAR. Albany, Dec. 10.-The Court of Appeals calendar

for to-morrow is: Nos. 1,661, 310, 341, 342, 879, 343, 314 and 345.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

Supreme Court—General Term—Recess.

Supreme Court—Chambers—Before Andrews, J.—Court
opens at 10:30 a. m. Motion calendar called at 11 a. m.
Supreme Court—Special Term—Part I—Before Lawrence,
J.—No day calendar.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Part II—Before Beach, J.—Elevated Railcoad cases. Clear.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Part III—Before ——, J.

—Court op us at 10:30 a. m.

Circuit Court—Parts I and IV—Adjourned for the term.

Circuit Court—Parts II—Adjourned until Monday, December 16.

r 16.
Circut Court-Part III-Refore Barrett J.-Case on:
o. 6572, Whitney vs. Britten. No day enleywar,
tuperfor Court-Special Term-Before Dugro, J.-No. 704,
action vs. Bampler. Clear. Baeppler, Clear, Adjourned until Wednesany pier vs. Baeppier. Cear. Superior Court-General Term-Adjourned until Wednes-asy, December 18. Superior Court-Trial Term-Parts I and II-Adjourned

Chief Conlin yesterday began an investigation into the circumstances surrounding the arrest of Lizzie

Common Pleas-Special Term-Before Bischoff, jr., J.-os, 3, 9, 12, 13, 18. Clear.

Nos. 3, 9, 12, 13, 18, Clear Common Fleux-Equity Ferm—Before Bockstaver, J.— Nos. 70, 47, 66, 58, 84, 94, 59, Case unfinished. Common Fleux-Trial Term—Part I—Before Giegerich, J.— Mattee of unser's belifding No. 207 East 223-4, and Nos. 1005, 2006, 619, 2040, 1357, 2725, 3072, 1381, 1424, 484, 1082, 1088, 2072, 1570, 2885, 1399, 1233, 2089, 2855, 533, 3204, 3382, 3446, 1164, 3421, 2871, 2872, 134, 1653, Ase unfinished. is unfinished.

ommon Pleas Trial Term-Part II-Before Daly C. J.—

sees to be sent from Part I for trial. Case unfinished.

ommon Pleas-Trial Term-Part III-Before Pryor, J.—

sees to be sent from Part I for trial. Clear.

ity Court-Special Term-Before Van Wyck, C. J.—

 M.S. S. Control Term. Part I. Hefore Contan. J.—Nos. 194, 270, 2449, 2889, 156, 344, 2774, 30231, 1849, 528, 263, 425, 267, 440, 28694, 356, 457, 548, 2885, 2976, 2076, 2032, 2031, 8, 119, 483, 462, 554, Case un-Court-Trial Term-Part II-Before Botty, J.-Nos. 18, 620, 614, 2071, 497, 535, 561, 573, 2777, 2778, 30, 565, 519, 17, 2005, 300, 604, Clear.

Court-Trial Term-Part III-Adjourned for the erm.
City Court-Trial Term-Part IV-Before Fitzsimons
-Short causes: Nos. 2991, 2948, 3063, 3141, 1789, 3644
9744, 1873, 1966, 3125, 2173, 2077, 3078, 2079, 2221
Cultiy cases: Nos. 2623, 2829, 187, 183, 184, 185, 186, 188,
88, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 198, 199, 200

Buyreme Court. By Andrews, J.

Matter of Garrison-R. Burnham Moffatt. Matter of Stichwsh-Haroid M. Smith. Watson vs. Breadt-Glisson Putzel. Fitzgerald vr. Sheridan-Haroid M. Smith.

Sternberger vs. Sternberger-William H. William

Common Pleas. By Bischoff, jr., Collamore vs. Baker-Russell Benedict. By Bockstaver, J. Southerland vs. Gerety-John Yard.

Roche vs. Oppenheim-Herman M Solomon.

THE ZITTEL DIVORCE CASE The trial of the suit brought by Westcott F agent, of No. 1.026 Third-ave., to have his marriage with Emma Richter, a ballet girl, annulled was with Emma Richier, a bancing gift, again on trial yesterday before Judge Bookstaver in the Equity Term of the Court of Common Pleas. The couple were married on January le last, and Zittel says that the ceremony was performed when he was mentally unconscious through liquor. The

THE PASTOR OF THE UNITARIAN CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH TO HAVE AN ASSISTANT. The Rev. Dr. Robert Collyer, pastor of the Uni

tarian Church of the Messiah, at Thirty-fourth-st. and Park-ave., it was reported yesterday, had ten-



that he had finally agreed with the lending memsistance were given him. This statement, however, Tribune reporter who saw Mr. Collyer at his apartnever been any intention on my part to resign. I be sorry indeed to leave it. What gave rise to the report probably is this: I am seventy-two years old, thoroughness and efficiency it would be advisable for me to have some assistance, or preferably a colleague, in the pastorate. At the annual meeting of the members of the church last night I made a to hear the matter discussed, but I have hear! that

to hear the matter discussed, but I have hear I that the congregation agreed to the arrangement I proposed. Nothing as to resignation on my part was hinted from first to last.

Mr. Collyer has been pastor of the Church of the Messiah since 1872, and has the affection and esteem of his congregation. The decision come to at the meeting on the question of obtaining an assistant pastor was unanimous. The name of the Rev. Minot J. Savage, of the Church of the Unity, has been mentioned as a desirable associate for Dr. Collyer.

A CHRISTMAS MARKET AT THE WINDSOR.

RAISING FUNDS TO PROVIDE A COUNTRY HOME FOR POOR CHILDREN.

A Christmas Market was held at the Windson Hotel yesterday afternoon and last evening in aid of the building fund of a free all-the-year-round country home for orphans and destitute children. The projected home will be under the care of the Protestant Episcopal Church, but the children will

Orphans, friendless or destitute children and cripples, not requiring medical care, will be admitted free of charge.

It is expected that sufficient funds will be collected within a year to permit the purchasing of a

site and the erection of a comfortable home in the The Christmas Market was highly successful. It was held in one of the large reception-rooms of the hotel facing on Forty-seventh-st. There were four prettily arranged booths where Christmas articles of every description were for sale. A novel feature

was the "housewife's paradiae," in charge of Miss L. M. Marston, Miss Terena Dinsmore, Miss Sadie Moore and Miss Edith Ransom. Here were displayed home-made preserves and pickles, dusters, silver bags, sowing and fancy aprons, iron-holders and other things of household use. The booth containing the fancy goods was particularis attractive. Handsomely painted china and Dresden ware occupied another booth, and the last

of the four was a delightful wonderland for the

of the folks: A miniature Christmas tree was tastefully decorated, and Christmas stockings, filled with good things, hing near a chimney.

The tea room adjoining was opened at 4 o'clock, and was well patronized, in the evening particularly, Mrs. J. O. Denner, Mrs. Charies Burrows, Greene, Miss Elliot and Miss Redmund served.

The patronesses were Mrs. Spenner Aldrich, Mrs. H. D. Bean, Miss C. L. Bean, Miss F. E. Bean, Mrs. E. R. Custer, Mrs. J. O. Donner, Mrs. A. B. Darling, Miss Dickey, Mrs. H. A. Ferguson, Mrs. Austin Fint, Mrs. Henry Gunther, Mrs. Edward Gregory, Mrs. C. Burrows Green, Mrz. Edward Gregory, Mrs. G. H. Holt, Miss A. M. Houghton, Mrs. S. J. Penniman, Mrs. Edward Patterson, Mrs. William Barciay Parsons, Mrs. W. A. Ransom, Mrs. Henry Redmond, Mrs. Sylvanus Reed, Mrs. Latham G. Read, Miss M. G. Reed, Mrs. I. N. Phelps Stokes and Miss Grace Watt. little folks. A miniature Christmas tree was taste

DRUMMOND'S COMPLAINT WITHDRAWN.

The case of Frank J. Drummond, the Platt leader of the XIVth Assembly District, who was accused by Harry P. Lockwood of violating the primary election law by falling to place his name on the enelection law by falling to place his name on the en-rolled list on October 21 last, thereby disfranchising him, came up yesterday in Essex Market Police Court. Otto Irving Wise, who appeared for Drum-mond, said that Lockwood was duly enrolled and was entitled to vote at the primary. Lockwood theresipon requested that he be allowed to withdraw his compraint. Magistrate Mott granted his request and dismarsed Drummond.

CONLIN INVESTIGATING THE SCHAUER CASE. Superior Court—Trial Term—Part III—Before Sedgwick.
Superior Court—Trial Term—Part III—Before Sedgwick.
Superior Court—Trial Term—Part III—Before Sedgwick.
C. J.—Nos. 781, 788, 789, 840, 691, 968, 1245, 890, 1724, 1708, 1125, Case unimished.
Superior Court—Equity Term—Adjourned for the term.
Superior Court—Trial Term—Part III—Before Sedgwick.
Andrews, of the Supreme Court. Policemen Regan and Oppenhelmer, of the Fifth-st, station, who arrested the girl, were summoned to Headquarters by Mott and whose discharge was ordered by Justification of the Supreme Court. Policemen Regan and Oppenhelmer, of the Fifth-st, station, who arrested the girl, were summoned to Headquarters by Mott and whose discharge was ordered by Justification of the Supreme Court. Policemen Regan and Oppenhelmer, of the Fifth-st, station, who arrested the girl, were summoned to Headquarters by Mott and Whose discharge was ordered by Justification of the Supreme Court. Policemen Regan and Oppenhelmer, of the Fifth-st, station, who arrested the girl, were summoned to Headquarters by Mott and Supreme Court. Policemen Regan and Oppenhelmer, of the Fifth-st, station, who arrested the girl, were summoned to Headquarters by Mott and Whose discharge was ordered by Justification of the Supreme Court. Policemen Regan and Oppenhelmer, of the Fifth-st, station, who arrested the girl, were summoned to Headquarters by Mott and Part an COTTON RISES RAPIDLY. IN AND OUT OF CONGRESS. SITE OF THE MEMORIAL ARCH

AN UNEXPECTED BUREAU ESTIMATE.

A CROP OF ONLY 6,375,000 BALES INDICATED-BIG SPOT SALES AND HEAVY EXPORTS-A TALK

option closed at 8.47 bid, against 8.25 the night before. On the curb 8.49 was bid for it. The day's trading was more active than for some time. The causes of this continued rise in cotton were estimate of a cotton crop of 6,375,000 bales in the Government's regular monthly bulletin. The bureau was expected to deal only with the farm price of cotton, and this additional information fell like a live bomb in the cotton ring. The bureau report, as telegraphed from Washington and posted on the

A crop equal to 67.3 per cent of last year's, or 6,375,000 bales of 500 pounds, is indicated in final returns from county and State correspondents. More complete reports based on the commercial movement will be issued in 1895, the first of them probably in February. The mean farm price is 7.59 cents, a gain of 65 per

cent on last year's figures and of 9 per cent on 1822. Returns from correspondents are almost uniformly unfavorable as to quantity, the weather having proved generally disastrous. The drouth caused an unusually early marketing throughout the cotton area, with an almost total sacrifice of top crop. The lint, however, is generally elean, so that the quality is exceptionally high reports show crops completely gathered and marketed.

Liverpool had closed when this announcement was made. Its effect upon that market to-morrow is scrambling for cotton on the part of the shorts after this report came out. At one time thereafter the bears showed fight and knocked the market down 5 points, alleging that the basis from which the Bureau figured its May report of a crop of 9,481,913 last season was wrong; therefore its conclusion must be wrong. But the Bureau added the info must be wrong. But the Bureau added the information that its May figures did not include the commercial crop, or oid cotton held. The brief weakness was recovered in a hurry at the close. But there were other factors as potent as the Bureau report in advancing the market. The big lemand for spot cotton continued, both at dome and abroad, and interior and port receipts were comparatively light. Liverpool spot sales were 12,600 bales at 16,201 advance. All the Southern markets were left higher, and an active business was resported. New-torieans Soid 7,750 bales; Mempins, 4,500 bales, 16,10 advance, 1,100 bales, Mempins, 4,500 bales, 2alveston, 1,000 bales, 5t. Louis, 500 bales, and Savannan II is bales. New-York was is night, and spinners bought 1,010 bales.

Exports from the ports were heavy, 37,567 bales for the day. The total exports to date have been 1,567,500 bales, against 25,560,500 last year.

Port receipts resternay were 45,500, against 57,680 last year and 35,221 in 1892. New-Yorieans got 25,600 last year and 15,526 last year and 15,536 last year, 16,530 last year and 15,536 last year and 15,536 last year and 15,536 last year and 15,536 last year. Houston expects to day 5,600, against 8,701 last year.

Receipts at interior towns were reported as follows: Augusta, 356 bales, against 1,167, and Houston, 15,591, against 2,000 last year.

R. S. Neill, a heppiew of rienry Neill, of New-Orleans, was on the floor of the Cotton Exchange yesterday. He has spent three months travelling in the South inspecting the crop. He will sail for Liverpool to-day. Mr. Neil said year.

R. S. Neill, a neppew of rienry Neill, of New-Orleans, was on the floor of the Cotton Exchange yesterday. He has spent three months traveling in the South inspecting the crop. He will sail for Liverpool to-day for the continuers his configuration from the proper sail and the disastrous effect of the mation that its May figures did not include the

My estimate of the yield in Texas," said he to The Tribune reporter, "is 1,690,000 bales; my uncle's estimate is 1,750,000. My estimate is made entirely independent of my uncle, and is based on my own inspection and information. The crop is 50 to 60 per cent short in North Texas. I estimate that outside of Texas the yield will be 4,750,000 bales, or a total crop of 6,350,000 bales. I found good cotton in spots in North Georgia, but nowhere else. Alibama is, I think, 30 per cent short. A top crop bloomed in Texas last year in September that was picked in January. There is no top crop this year."

The crop news received yesterday contained the following: "New-Orleans, Dec. 10.—Munros. I among the state of the service of the many contained the "New-Orleans, Dec. 10.—Munros. I among the service of the service

orleans, Dec. 10. - Munroe, La., wires not more "New-Orleans, Dec. 10.—Munroe, La., wires not more than 15 per cent remaining in farmers hands that section. Terrell, Kauffman County, Texas, special says. 'Hard freezes November Busshed top crop. Now think total receipts at Terrell will not be more than one-third of last year. Receipts to date, \$700 hales, same time last year, 23,000. Devers, Liberty County, special: "Crop about one-sixth of last year." Dalias News, Sunday, reports from Bonham, Fannin County, North Texas, that its correspondent obtained official report of fine leading ginners. This year 4,200 bales, against 8,600 last year. That group about out; ginnedwind markets." That grop about out; ginned and marketed.

ALTERNATE CARS TO BE HEATED.

THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN ADOPTS ITS RAIL-ROAD COMMITTEE'S RECOMMENDATION.

The Board of Aidermen held its regular weekly meeting yesterday afternoon in the City Hall, Alderman Frederick A. Ware presented a report Aiderman Frederick A. ware p. from the Reception Committee advocating a continuance of the old custom of a New Year's reception by the Board of Aldermen and the Mayor to which the public generally is to be admitted. Alderman Ware asked that \$100 be appropriated to pay for music. The reception is to continue be-tween noon and 4 o'clock. The matter was laid

A petition was presented by property-holders on Eighth-ave., above One-hundred-and-forty-mintle-st., asking that the Eighth Avenue Railroad Company be compelled to extend its tracks up Eighthave., above One-hundred-and-forty-ninth-st., to the Polo Grounds. The matter was referred to the Committee on Rai roads.

Committee on Rairounds received from the Health Board in which the Board refused to grant the request made by the Board of Aldermen that butchers and poultry-dealers be allowed to hang poultry and meats outside of their stores during the holidays. The Health Board holds that the ordinance is imperative and should not be resulted, because it would be detrimental to the public health. The Finance Committee presented a renort authorizing the changes in the new County Court House under the reconstruction of the courts, to cost \$10.000.

report of the Rairyed Committee advocating that every other car on all street railroads in this city be heated was adopted on motion of Aderman Goodman.



MLLE. YVETTE GUILBERT.

RELIEF OF THE NAVAL ENGINEER CORPS

PRICES OF FARM PRODUCTS ON DECEMBER 1-GORMAN DENIES A RUMOR-HOUSE AP-

Washington, Dec. 10 .- The alarming condition of affairs in the Naval Engineer Corps, by reason of the prostration of so many able men, has recently aroused much attention, and in order to provid ator Squire, of Washington, to-day introduced a bill which radically reorganizes the naval service

leading provisions of the bill are as follows

leading provisions of the bill are as follows:

It changes the manner of appointing naval cadets of the engineer division. As young men now appointed seem disinclined to enter the Engineer Corps, by reason of the excessive work that will fall upon them, as well as by the lack of reward to the engineer, it provides a new method of selecting the cadets. Hereafter all scientific institutions which shall establish a course of engineering satisfactory to the engineer-in-chief and to the Secretary of the Navy shall be permitted to have the graduates taking such course appointed as cadets in the Engineer Corps. After having been sent to sea for a year and to an engineering post-graduate school for the same length of the, these civilian appointees are to compete with Naval Academy graduates for commissions in the naval service, one-half of the men so appointed, however, to come from the Naval Academy. The naval cadets appointed to the Academy for the Engineer Corps shall hereafter be the selection of the several Senators. As the young men will enter the service of the Engineer Corps, they will undoubted by have some special qualifications for the proever, to come from the Nava Aasiemy for the Engineer cadets appointed to the Academy for the Engineer Corps shall hereafter be the selection of the several Senators. As the young men will enter the service of the Engineer Corps, they will undoubtedly have some special qualifications for the profession. Another provision increases the number of commissioned officers in the Engineer Corps. Upon a basis of sixty ships in commission, it is proposed to allow an average of two and one-half engineers for every ship in commission, it is proposed to allow an average of two and one-half engineering, at the several navy yards, at the various shipbuilding plants, for the detail as professors of marine engineering at the colleges, as now established by law. It is also proposed to give to the officers of this corps the titles now held by their brother-officers in the line, which will cause them to be recognized as part of the navai service. A third fenture increases the scope of the Bureau of Engineering. It centralizes in the hands of the only ones who are capable of keeping them in order the various hydraulic, pneumatic, steam and electric gear of the warships and navy yards. A radical reform suggested is in giving to the engineer command over the men in his own department, subject alone to the authority of the commanding officer. The basis for this is the idea that when steam was an auxiliary on board a warship there might have been some necessity for the chief engineer he ng subordinated to a cadet, but the prevent conditions do not warrant any such officers of the line is given to the engineers, and as the bill recently introduced by Senator Haie allows six-teen admirals for the line, Senator Squire proposes that the Chief of the Bureau of Engineering shall have the same honor.

of the Department of Agriculture relate principally to farm prices to December 1. The farm price of corn averages 21.7 cents, against 45.6 last year. The average price of wheat is 53.2 cents per bushel, against 49.8 last year; of tye, 42.7 cents, against 50.5; against 44.3; of buckwheat, 29.2 cents, against 55.2 ast year. The returns show the average price of last year. The returns show the average price of hay to be 23 35 per ton, against 38 35 same date last year. The average price of tobacco is returned at 5.5 cents, against 6.7 cents last year. The price of potatoes on the farm is reported at 25.8 cents per bushel, against 55.5 cents last year. The condition of winter wheat on December I averaged for the country 81.4 per cent, against 89 last year and 91.5 in 1836. In the principal winter wheat States the percentages are as follows: Ohio, 74; Michigan, 79; Indiana, 80; Illinois, 79; Missouri, 76; Kansas, 80; Nebraska, 90; California, 103. The returns make the acreage of winter wheat just sown 104.6 per cent of that harvested in 1855. This estimate, which is preliminary to the completed estimate of June next, therefore makes the area sown for the harves; of 1836, 23,647,669 acres.

House, to succeed E. B. Smith, of Texas. The saiary is \$2,000 per year.

The President to-day sent to the Senate the fol-lowing nominations: Brigadier-General Wesley Merritt, to be major-general; Colonel Zenas Ran-dal Bliss, 2th Infantry, to be brigadier-general; Colonel John J. Coppinger, 2d Infantry, to be brigadier-general, and a long list of Army and Navy promotions.

In the Senate to-day a favorable report was made by the Committee on Pensions on the bill requiring the payment of pension money to wives in cases where male pensioners desort or abundon their families, or are habitual drankards, or for any reason fail and neglect to support their families. The bill is similar to one reported in the last Congress.

Among the bills introduced in the Senate to-day was one by Mr. Sherman (by request), authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to issue long-term bonds at a rate of interest not exceeding 3 per cent, of denominations of \$50 and under, in sucsums and at such dates as may be required for the mand notes of the United States; that these bonds be offered at par to citizens of this country only, the demand notes as they may be presented or business. The bill provides that the bonds authorized in the act can be exchanged for bonds already in the possession of organized banks or newly organized banks, and that such bonds shall be reserved in exchange for those already in their pos-session, and that such and all National banks may receive from the Trensury Department bank notes of the sum and par value of the bonds so de-posited.

DISTRIBUTING FRAUDULENT CHECKS. E. V. Hutchinson, of the firm of T. M. Duche & Sons, wholesale confectioners, of No. 101 Water-st called at Police Hendquarters yesterday and asked that some effort be made by the police to effect the name, the firm say, is C. Ristey, and who, Mr. Hutchinson alleges, is going through New-England and Canadian cities distributing fraudulent checks. The customers of Duche & Sons are, the firm alleges, the victims chosen by Ristey. It is alleged that he has secured money on nearly seventy-five chacks.

NO TRUTH IN TRABOLD'S STORY.

Acting Captain Grant, of the West One-hundredand-twenty-fifth-st, station, yesterday reported to Chief Coulin that there was no truth in the stories toid by Adam Trabold, a saloonkeeper at No. 19 Lawrence-st., that policemen had broken into his place with revolvers on Sunday. Trabold was ar-restel for excise violation.

CAPTAIN COSTER'S FUNERAL.

The funeral of Captain John H. Coster, formerly secretary of the Monmouth Park Racing Association and the American Jockey Club, was held yesterday morning at his home, No. 66 East Fiftysixth-st. Many friends of the family attended. The coffin was covered with floral gifts. The Rev. Dr. Kirby, of Rye, Westchester County, whose church Captain Coster attended during the summer, conducted the services and made a few remarks. There were no palibearers. The burial was in Greenwood Cemetery.

STABBED ON A FERRYBOAT Ruonallo Raffelo, a pedier, of No. 185 Bleecker-

st., and Alphonso Sarmello, a blacksmith, of Stamford, Conn., were charged before Magistrate Flammer in the Centre Street Court yesterday morning with stabbling Andrew Anderson, of No. 24 Cheever Place, Brooklyn, Monday night on a boat of Anderson and a friend were on their way to Bay-Anderson and a friend were on their way to Bayonne to work when Anderson got into a quarrel with Sarmello. Several blows were struck, and then Anderson fell to the deck with an ugly stab wound in the back. Several of the passengers and deckhands held Sarmello and his companion, Raffelo, until the arrival of the boat in this city, when they were turned over to Policeman Wandering, of the Old Silp station. Anderson was removed to the Hudson Street Hospital, but was unable to appear in the Centre Street Court yesterday morning, and Magistrate Flammer remanded the prisoners to await the result of Anderson's injuries.

OPPOSITION TO THE CHOICE OF THE FIFTH-AVE. PLAZA.

ARGUMENTS BEFORE THE COMMISSION ON THE

SUBJECT-FINAL DECISION POSTPONED. The Soldiers and Sailors' Memorial Arch Commission met in the Mayor's office yesterday to decide upon a site for the monument. The proceedings were opened by the reading of a long paper-from the Fine Arts Federation protesting against the selection of the plaza at Fifty-ninth-st. and Fifthave., and suggesting the selection of West Seventy

second-st. as the most suitable site. The Fine Arts Federation argued that the character of the buildings around the Fifth-ave. plaza such as would dwarf and demean the monument. It was represented, also, that the monument, if placed at the end of West Seventy-second-st., in Riverside Park, would really beautify the Park, and that it would be a conspicuous object, to be seen

rom many points. The paper was signed by the officers of the Society of Mural Painters, the American Society of Fine Arts, the National Academy of Design, the National Sculpture Society, the Society of Amerlean Artists, the Architectural League of New-York and the Municipal Art Society.

E. W. Bloomingdale, representing the Upper East Side Association, spoke in favor of the plaza site, He contended that the West Side of the city had been liberally treated already regarding monuments, and that it was high time for the East Side to receive a little consideration. Mr. Bloomingdale said that artists and architects did not make up the masses; that the object of the monument was to commemorate deeds of bravery and to in-

struct the people, and that therefore the memorial should be placed where it could be seen by the majority of New-Yorkers.

Russell Sturgs, of the Fine Arts Federation, declared that in placing a monument the city should have an eye to the beautiful, and should place it so that the monument would harmonize with its environment. To accomplish this, Mr. Sturgis argued, car should be given to artists and architects only.

The members of the Commission then discussed the matter. Recorder Goff said he was strongly in favor of the plaza site, but that he thought he should subordinate his views to those of the artists and architects. He therefore offered a resolution reconsidering the Commissioners action in designating the plaza site for the memorial, but it was defeated, the Recorder alone voting for it.

The matter of finally determining the site for the monument was laid over until the next meeting, in order to give the Commission an opportunity to inspect the different sites proposed.

STATE LEASES FOR OYSTERS BEDS. FRANCHISES GRANTED TO PLANTERS OF JAMAICA

BAY YESTERDAY-THE BIVALVE IN-DUSTRY STIMULATED. Shellfish Commissioner Edward Thompson, of

the New-York Fish, Game and Forest Com-mission, issued twenty-two additional leases to oyster planters of Jamaica Bay yesterday, at the old office of the Commission, No. 53 Broadof oats, 20.5 cents, against 32.2; of barley, 35.4 cents, | way. The leases were for a total of sixty acres of oyster ground, in lots of from one to three acres each. They were issued under a law passed by the last Legislature, taking the control of the oyster grounds from the authorities of towns bordering on the bay and vesting it in the Commissioners. Under the law lots of from one to three acres each may be leased for a term of fifteen years for an annual rental of not less than 25 cents an acre, which is the price at which the franchises were issued. As the law is designed for the protection of the oyster planters rather than as

Nebraska, 90; California, 103. The returns make the acrease of winter wheat just sown 104.8 per cent of that harvested in 1855. This estimate, which is preliminary to the completed estimate of June next, therefore makes the area sown for the harvest of 1898, 22,647,690 acres.

The attention of Senator Gorman was called to a paragraph in a Baltimore paper to-day, which stated that he did not propose to be a candidate for reciection to the United States Senate. "Is that so the said. "That is the first I have heard of it." "Then there is no truth in the statement?" "No said Mr. Gorman, "none in the world."

The following appointments to positions under the clerk of the House were made to-day, W. J. Browning, of New-Jersey, chief cierk, salary \$2,600; C. B. Erockway, of New-York, librarian, salary \$2,600; C. B. Horton, of New-York, distributing cierk, and Richard Theopalius, of Pennsylvania, petition and resolution cierk, salary \$2,000; C. B. Bert W. Kennedy, of Grand Lodge, Mich., was to-day appointed Assistant Doorkeeper of the House, to succeed E. B. Smith, of Texas. The sal-

THE DISPOSAL OF GARBAGE, ETC.

When Street Cleaning Commissioner Waring came to open the proposals yesterday for final disposition of street collections, garbage and ashes by other means than dumping them in the sea, a practice which the Secretary of War has ordered to be discontinued on April 1. Colonel Waring found only one bid in the bid box. This came from Zeph. F. Mc-Gill, of Troy, who offered to do the work for five years at \$206,000 a year. The bid was defective in that Mr. McGill offered only one surety, while the

that Mr. McGill offered only one surety, while the law required two. The matter will be reported to the Board of Estimate when it meets next Monday. Mr. McGill is the contractor for disposing of the refuse of Troy by cremation, where he has a large plant. He operates by the Brown system, which creates an intense heat through gas formed oy mixing crude petroleum and steam.

Contractors who were present when the bid was opened said that they had refrained from bidding because they regarded the conditions too severe. It is understood that a company which put in no bid has for some time had an offer pending before the Commissioner promising to remove all the street collections, garbage and ashes at the rate of \$200.00.

CHANGES WANTED IN A COURT BUILDING. Recorder Goff, at the meeting of the Sinking Fund

Commissioners vesterday, said that many alterations and improvements were needed in the new Criminal Courts Building in Centre-st. These the Commissioner of Public Works refused to make, because the building has not yet been turned over to his department on account of undetermined suits against the contractors brought by the city for forfeiture because of the non-completion of the structure within the time stipulated in the building contracts. The improvements asked by the Rewere changes in the room of the Clerk of General sessions to make it convenient for a courtroom; fitting up a new room for the clerk; fitting up rooms for the court library; changes in the District-Attorney's office and the prison pens, and extending the electric light system to all parts of the building. The matter was laid over until next Friday. In the mean time Corporation Counsel Scott will be asked if the building cannot be accepted at once without waiting for the determination of the suits referred to. Sessions to make it convenient for a courtroom;

THE FUNERAL OF DR. KNAPP. A number of prominent turfmen assembled at the

Brick Church at Thirty-seventh-st. and Fifth-ave. yesterday morning, at the funeral of Dr. Gideon Lee Knapp, who died last Saturday. The functal services were conducted by the Rev. Dr. van who was assisted by the Rev. Dr. McIlivaine. Among those present were August Beimont, James Among those present were August Beimont, James R. Keene, Colonel William P. Thompson, J. O. Donner, Colonel Lawrence Kip, John H. Bradford, F. K. Sturgts, F. R. Hitchcock, Matthew Riley, H. G. Crickmore, Frederick Gebhard, John M. Bowers, Eichard Croker, Philip J. Dwyer, John Hunter, Whiter Rollins, John J. Hyland, John Kelly, Thomas Mehan, J. F. Hoey and many other well-known turfmen. Delegations from the Union, Century and Racquet clubs and the officials of the Queens County Bank were also present. The burial was in Greenwood Cemetery.

NOT YET INFORMED OF HIS ELECTION.

The Rev. Dr. Henry Yates Satterlee, rector of Calvary Church, who was on Friday last elected by the Washington Convention to the bishopric of the new diocese of Washington, has not yet been formally made aware of his election. It was thought that the committee appointed by the convention to convey to Dr. Satterlee the result of its decision would wait upon him yesterday. Replying to an inquiry by a Tribune reporter Dr. Satterlee said yesterday afternoon that he had given no consideration to the probabilities of his acceptance or refusal of the bishopric.

THE COMPLAINT AGAINST J. W. PARKER & CO. The Grand Jury yesterday dismissed the complaint against J. W. Parker & Co., ship brokers, of No. 46 New-at. It was alleged that the firm, prior to December, 1893, transmitted to J. W. Parker, individually, certain property of the firm to the value of \$15,000 to \$22,600, for the purpose of preventing insolvency and defrauding creditors. The complainant was Spencer C. Tuers, a bookkeeper for one of the firm's creditors. It was alleged that there were drafts against the firm in favor of Troop & Co., of Nova Scotia, for 20,000. The matter was brought up in the Tombs Police Court last September. The complaint was dismissed, because there was not sufficient evidence that the property transferred really belonged to the firm.